the anti-dumping/anti-subsidy cases initiated by various trading partners against us. This Cell also provides necessary assistance to the affected exporters through the concerned Export Promotion Councils (EPCs), for defending such cases.

The Government have also taken recourse to the Dispute Settlement Mechanism of WTO in many cases wherein it was found that the member countries had taken measures as were inconsistent with their WTO obligations.

The Government have also taken up schemes like "Textile Modernisation Fund" and schemes for the technological upgradation of the Small Scale Industries with a view to make them competitive and enable them to produce goods as per the required quality standards.

Decline in India's share in international trade

979. SHRI P.K. MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether India's share in international trade was 1.04 percent during 1960s and it dropped to 0.64 per cent in 1998-99;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the exports of our country are facing a lot of difficulties due to unfair competition and dumping of various items through imports in the country; and

(d) if so, the remedial steps taken by Government to provide assistance to our exporters and also to meet the challenges posed by the lifting of QRs from the next fiscal year?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) and (b) As per the Economic Survey, India's share in world exports over the years has been as follows:

Year	India's share in world exports
1970	0.6%
1975	0.5%
1980	0.4%
1985	0.5%
1990	0.5%
1995	0.6%
1996	0.6%
1997	0.6%

The question however seems to refer to the data compiled by Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE). The decline in India's share during the period can be attributed *inter alia* to the economic policies emphasizing import substitution and self sufficiency.

(c) and (d) India's export growth rate during 1997-98 was 9.5%, during 1998-99 was 7.4%, 1999-2000 was 14.17% and was 26.93% in 2000-2001 (in rupee terms). Similarly, the growth rate of imports during this period was 11% in 1997-98, 14.2% in 1998-1999, 13.6% in 1999-2000 and 5.59% in 2000-2001 (in rupee terms). As can be seen, the removal of import restrictions has not seriously affected the growth rate of imports. The Directorate of Anti-Dumping & allied Duties (DGAD), takes prompt and effective action against complaints of dumping. The export performance is reviewed from time to time and various policy initiatives arc announced in the Exim policy from time to time.

Foreign direct investment

†980. DR. MAHESH CHANDRA SHARMA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the amount to Foreign Direct Investment made in India from 1999 to 2001;

(b) the total amount of this investment made in consumer

†Original notice of the Question was received in Hindi.